Dems eyeing temporary state income tax hike
By JONATHAN WELLS

THE DEMOCRATIC House leadership yesterday agreed to plug last year’s budget deficit with a temporary, 18-month hike in the state’s income tax, sources told the Herald.

The precise outline of the tax package was not decided yesterday, but sources said a proposal to fund loans slated to cover a $619 million deficit will include temporarily increasing the income tax from 5 percent to 5.75 percent.

House Speaker George Ke-erian (D-Everett) emerged from a three-hour leadership meeting yesterday and refused to describe or discuss the tax plan, but said an agreement had been reached.

Before entering the meeting, the speaker said he is “more in favor” of an 18-month income tax hike than he had been previously, because it would erase the deficit faster and save the state money on debt service.

“It is going to be difficult to sell anything to the members,” Kerian said, but he indicated passage would be easier with a temporary tax and short-term bond package.

THE MIDDLESEX NEWS
July 7, 1989

The plan, which is being described as temporary, would increase tax rates on earned income from 5 percent to 5.375 percent for 1989 and then up to 5.75 percent for 1990.

The Boston Globe, July 7, 1989
By Bruce Mohl

The Massachusetts House swallowed the T word last night, voting 82-74 to give initial approval to a temporary 15 percent increase in the state income tax to deal with the fiscal 1989 deficit.

The Boston Globe, July 4, 1989
By Bruce Mohl

House leaders plan to push for the state to deal with the fiscal 1989 deficit and pay old Medicaid debts by temporarily increasing the state income tax from 5 percent to 5.75 percent, sources said yesterday.

House Speaker George Kerian met with other members of his leadership team yesterday to talk taxes, but he declined to discuss his plans with reporters until after a meeting with other House members tomorrow.

Sources said Kerian plans to push for an increase in the tax on earned income for an 18-month period, raising between $680 million and $800 million. The sources said some bugs remain to be worked out with the proposal, including the implementation of the tax for part of a year.

THE MIDDLESEX NEWS
July 9, 1989

“I am hearing rumors that the Senate is thinking of jacking it up another 25 percent or making it a permanent tax, and I could not support that,” Rep. Barbara Gardner said. “And I plan on calling both my senators to tell them that.”

The Boston Globe, July 4, 1989
By Bruce Mohl

Taking aim at Dukakis
Rep. Richard A. Voke (D-Chelsea), chairman of the House Ways and Means Committee, made no public statement during the tax debate. He has supported the temporary tax package for fiscal 1989 but opposes the governor’s call for permanent new taxes for fiscal 1990, which began July 1.

At a Ways and Means hearing yesterday where the tax package was approved on a voice vote, Voke lashed out at the governor after a Republican member of the committee suggested all Democrats on Beacon Hill are responsible for the state’s fiscal problems.

Voke, in unusually harsh language, accused the Dukakis administration of distributing false information about the House version of the budget that he characterized as “absolutely unbelievable.” He also said the governor had failed to cut spending and suggested management layoffs trumpeted by the governor never really occurred.

“The administration’s got to get with it,” Voke said, adding bluntly that permanent taxes will not pass the House. “When and if all the fat is cut from the budget,” he said, “this committee will fund it. I speak for the Democrat leadership on this issue. Governor, you are not getting permanent new taxes out of the House. Do you get it?”

THE MIDDLESEX NEWS
July 9, 1989

In defending his vote, Rep. David P. Magnani yesterday emphasized that the hikes would only be in place for 18 months and that revenue generated would only go towards past bills.

By Jay Mailin
THE WASHINGTON TIMES
July 10, 1989

Massachusetts residents are expected to be hit with a $793 million tax increase this week as their state struggles to pay off old debts and a budget deficit.

The temporary 15 percent increase is the state income tax, which will last 18 months, was approved Friday by the Massachusetts House. It is expected to win approval this week from the Senate and then go to Gov. Michael Dukakis.

By Jonathan Wells
IN THE privacy of his State House office, Gov. Michael Dukakis last night signed into law a temporary 15 percent hike in the state income tax designed to sop up the red ink in last year’s budget.

Dukakis put his signature on the controversial 18-month tax hike, vetoed $53.6 million from a final spending bill for the prior fiscal year and quickly departed, offering no public comment on his actions.

The coalition, a 40-member organization representing 45,000 businesses, also opposed the temporary tax package, saying there is currently no guarantee it would remain in place for just 18 months.

The Swampscott Reporter
July 13, 1989

For his part, state Senator Walter J. Boverini (D-Lynn) was also prepared to support the temporary tax increase.

“This is a very distasteful thing, to vote for taxes,” he says. “But we have obligations we’ve voted for ourselves.”

“Everyone likes to blame Michael Dukakis for this. We all have to share the blame and vote in some temporary taxes. But we have to make sure it is temporary.”

The Boston Herald, July 14, 1989
By JONATHAN WELLS

THE MASSACHUSETTS Legislature gave its approval last night to a temporary, 15 percent hike in the state income tax to cover the state’s debts following a blistering, partisan debate.

The House Democratic leadership made its fragile, four-vote advantage stick on an 82-78 vote in favor of the tax bill and the Senate swept the 18-month increase through on a 23-15 vote.

July 27, 1989
By Duncan Mansfield
Associated Press